

Gewerblich-industrielles Bildungszentrum Zug

Berufs- und Berufsmaturitätsschule Schreiner-Technikerschule

Berufsmaturitätsschule

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ENTRANCE TEST ENGLISH

1 hour

Name and First Name	
Maximum Points	101
Student's Points	
Mark	

A. Listening Comprehension

1. You will hear three conversations.

Look at the list of possible activities.

Listen and match each conversation with an activity.

(10p)

Conversation 1	visiting relatives going to a restaurant
Conversation 2	booking a holiday watching a video going to a wedding
Conversation 3	spending a day in the country having a game of tennis planning a party

Look at this list of activities **Tick** ($\sqrt{}$) the **activities** that the people are going to do.

go to the beach
have a picnic by the river
invite some friends from Spain
telephone Diane and Peter
eat at the Red Dragon restaurant
try the new Italian restaurant
book a table at Mario's
go to the cinema
hire a video
have a bath

- $\hfill\square$ phone the video shop
- □ get some pizzas

Listen again and check your answers.

B. Reading Comprehension

2. Read the text.

Nature's children

It's summer and the New Age Travellers are here again. In their vans, old buses and caravans, they move from place to place. Angry politicians, farmers and local people appear on television and complain about them: 'The police shouldn't allow it! They should put them all in the army!'

The travellers don't have jobs, because they don't stay in one place long enough. They are the children of nature – modern gypsies. When autumn comes, they disappear and we don't see them on the news anymore. In fact, they move to the cities and look for empty houses for the winter. Perhaps the children go to school for the few months.

Nigel and Susan are Travellers. They aren't married. They have two children called Moonstone and Saffron. Their life is very simple. During the day they sit and talk with friends while the children play. In the evenings they usually eat together with other families around a big fire, and somebody usually plays a guitar or switches on a CD player. They live on social security benefits, which means money from the state. If they need extra money, Susan makes jewellery and sells it at markets.

Both Nigel and Susan come from normal middle class families. That's one reason why Nigel prefers the life of a Traveller. As Nigel explains, 'My father works in an office. He catches the same train to work every day. He comes home at 5.30. And why does he do it? To pay the mortgage on the house. But then what does he do in his free time? He works! He decorates the house, he digs the garden and he washes the car. He thinks he's free but he's really just a slave. I don't want to be like that.'

What should we do about the Travellers? They're rebels against respectable society and they don't care what we think. But why shouldn't they do their own thing? As I sit here at my desk and think about my mortgage, the insurance and taxes, I wonder who's right.

mortgage - money lent by a bank for buying a house

3.

Mark the sentences true ($\sqrt{}$), false (x) or don't know (?).

1.	New Age Travellers are only on the news in the summer.	
2.	Farmers don't like the travellers.	
3.	They spend the winters in caravans.	
4.	New Age children never go to school.	
	Susan is Nigel's wife.	
6.	Nigel's father works for an insurance company.	
7.	Nigel admires his father.	
	Susan doesn't eat meat.	
9.	Nigel makes jewellery.	
10.	The writer has got a mortgage.	

Global May Day protest

Around the world, thousands of people took part in protest marches and demonstrations today. Many of the protesters were demonstrating against globalisation. Demonstrations were peaceful in most places, but in Sydney, Australia, violence broke out, and dozens of protesters were arrested.

Fighting also broke out in the German capital, Berlin, where protesters threw stones and bottles at police.

In Norway, a protester threw an apple-pie in the face of foreign minister, Thorbjoern Jagland. In London, a small group of protesters broke away from peaceful demonstrators. They smashed shop windows and tried to set fire to a supermarket.

1.	Many of the protesters disagree with globalisation	Т	F
2.	Twelve protesters were arrested in Sydney, Australia	Т	F
3.	There was some fighting in the German capital of Berlin.	Т	F
4.	In Norway, a protester threw a bottle at the foreign minister.	Т	F
5.	In London most of the protesters demonstrated peacefully.	Т	F

C. Grammar and Vocabulary

4. **Complete** the **text**. Put the **verbs** in brackets (__) into the **Present Simple** or **Present Continuous**. (13p)

Dear Tony,

Thanks a lot for your letter. I was sorry to hear you'd been ill, and I hope you are getting (get) better now. We're OK. I _____ (1 have) a bit of trouble with my leg these days, but nothing serious. The kids are in good shape, Jane ______ (2 grow) up fast and I must say she (3 get) very pretty. She _____ (4 go) out almost every night - with a different boyfriend each time, as far as I can see. Billy _____ (5 do) well at school now much better than last year – and I think he should be OK in his exams. He _____ (6 want) to get into university to study agriculture. We'll see. Ann's mother _____ (7 stay) with us for a week. She and I (8 not like) each other very much, as you _____ (9 know), but we haven't had any trouble so far. She _____ (10 talk) about people behind their backs all the time, which (11 make) me pretty angry, but there isn't much I can do about it. What are your plans? I _____ (12 come) to Ireland on business in July. Any chance of seeing you? If not let's make it in autumn. I (13 come) over about six times a year, so it shouldn't be too difficult to fix something. All the best. Don't work too hard, and keep smiling. Yours, Mike Form questions, so the underlined expression is the answer. 5. (6p) Example: He was born <u>in Paris</u>. Where was he born? 1. I wanted to be a baseball player. 2. John went to the concert with his friend.

3. I worked very hard.

6. Comparative or Superlative? Put the words in the right form:

1. Who lives ______ (far) from work?

2. Her brother's handwriting is _____ (bad) than hers.

3. Children learn languages _____ (fast) than adults.

4. I find her _____ (attractive) girl I know.

5. Running is ______ (tiring) than swimming.

7. *Write* these sentences correctly.

Example: haveyougotthisinabiggersize Have you got this in a bigger size?

1. Theredshirtisnicerthantheblueone

2. themostimportantthingistofeelcomfortableinyourclothes

3. yourjeansdontfitmemylegsarentaslongasyours

4. wehavethewidestrangeofhatsinthecountry

5. wemustntgettoclasslateortheteacherwillbeangry

6. ifidonthaveatickethowwilligettoparis

8. Write the correct prepositions.

1. I was ______ the park with Susan. We were ______ our way back from ballet.

2. She doesn't go _____ school.

3. Mike lives _____a village _____Switzerland.

4. l'm _____ school _____ 9 _____ 4.30.

(5p)

(6p)

(12p)

- 5. They like watching DVDs ______ the evening.
- 6. My training is _____ Wednesdays.

7. This ring looks really beautiful _____ my finger.

8. Are you waiting _____ the bus, too?

9. Complete the sentences with 'a bit of', 'a few', 'a lot of', 'much' or 'many'.(6p)

- 1. How _____ homework do you do?
- 2. I 'm healthy because I eat ______ fruit.
- 3. Can I have ______sugar in my coffee?
- 4. How ______ pocket money do you get?
- 5. I've only seen ______ cities in the world.
- 6. There aren't _____ bananas left, we need to buy some.

10. Add the missing forms:

(10p)

	Infinitive	Past Tense	Past Participle
1.	write		
2.	-	threw	
3.	sing		
4.			read
5.		ate	
6.			fought
7.		became	
8.	fall		
9.			blown
10.	can		

Vocabulary

11. **Complete** the sentences with the **correct adjective form** of the **nouns**. (8p)

honesty	impossibility	beauty	noise	depth	strength	health	dirt
1. I can car	ry your luggag	ge and my b	oag. I'm very			·	
2. You don'	t steal things	if you're			<u> </u>		
3. Is this sw	imming pool	very		?			
4. You mus	t wash your je	eans. They'ı	e very				
5. I can't do	this maths p	roblem. I thi	nk iťs				
6. Your new	/ dress is			·			
7. Be quiet.	You're too			·			
8. If you eat	well and exe	rcise regula	rly you will b	e		<u> </u>	

(10p)

12. Add the opposite of these adjectives

1. the opposite of forget 2. the opposite of fat 3. the opposite of best 4. the opposite of polite the opposite of buy 5. the opposite of nobody 6. 7. the opposite of attractive 8. the opposite of ill the opposite of cheap 9. 10. the opposite of exciting

8/8

BM Entrance Exam Solutions

A Lis	teni	ng	Co	mp	reł	nen	sic	n														<u>10p</u>	
<u>1.</u>	Со	nv	2: g	join	ig te	оa	res	-	n th ran		oun	try										(3p))
<u>2.</u>	try boo hire hav	eph the ok a e a ve a	none e ne a ta vid a ba	e Di ew I ible eo	ian talia at	e ar	nd est	Pet taur	er ant													(7p))
B Re	adin	g (Con	npr	eho	ens	ior	n														<u>10p</u>	
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	Wha Who How	o di	d h	e g	o (t	o th			cert) wi	th?											<u>6p</u>	
3. t 4. t	the fr wors faste the n more	e r nos	st af		ctiv	е																<u>5p</u>	
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8. 1. in the park 2. to school on our way

<u>in</u> Switzerland from 9 <u>to/until/till</u> 4.30.

- 3. <u>in</u> a village <u>in</u> 4. <u>at</u> school fro 5. <u>in</u> the evenings 6. <u>on</u> Wednesdays
- 7. **on** my finger
- 8. for the bus
- <u>9.</u> 1. much
 - 2. a lot of
 - 3. a bit of
 - 4. much
 - 5. a few
 - 6. many

<u>10.</u> Add the missing forms:

<u>10p</u>

	Infinitive	Past Tense	Past Participle
1.	write	wrote	written
2.	throw	threw	thrown
3.	sing	sang	sung
4.	read	read	read
5.	eat	ate	eaten
6.	fight	fought	fought
7.	become	became	became
8.	fall	fell	fallen
9.	blow	blew	blown
10.	can	could	could

<u>11.</u>	1 strong 5 impossible	2 honest 6 beautiful	3 deep 7 noisy	4 dirty <u>8p</u> 8 healthy
<u>12.</u>	1 remember/recall 5 sell	2 thin/slim/skinny 6 everybody/anybody	3 worst / 7 ugly/ unattractive	4 impolite/rude <u>10p</u> 8 healthy/well
	9 expensive	10 boring /dull	Ghathactive	

<u>6p</u>